

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use All or None
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Carbon (025)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 9/30/2025	Cancellation Date 9/30/2025	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 10/10/2025	End of Late Planting Period Date 10/25/2025	Acreage Reporting Date 11/15/2025
Premium Billing Date 7/1/2026	End of Insurance Date 8/31/2026	Termination Date 9/30/2026	Contract Change Date 6/30/2026	Production Reporting Date 11/14/2025	Insured's Production Reporting Date 11/14/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	Winter 011	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 2	Winter 011	Irrigated 002
T/P 3	Winter 011	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 4	Winter 011	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 5	Winter 011	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714
T/P 6	Winter 011	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

In lieu of section 7 of the Small Grains Crop Provisions, the end of insurance period for winter-type acreage will be August 31 immediately following planting.

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Year: 2026

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

U.S. Farm Income

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Carbon (025)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

In addition to Section 35 of the Basic Provisions, if you elect to obtain a Farm Service Agency Graze-Out Payment for acres of this crop grazed by livestock and not otherwise harvested, you are not eligible for an indemnity.

Quality

GENERAL STATEMENTS:

For the purpose of this policy, the term "quality" means the quality of the crop as determined by the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "quality adjustment factors" means the factors that are used to determine the quality of the crop. The quality adjustment factors are considered in determining production to count.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "net production to count" means the production to count after the quality adjustment factors are applied. The net production to count is determined by subtracting the quality adjustment factors from the production to count.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "qualifying for quality adjustment" means the production to count that is adjusted under the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "extension of time to harvest" means the extension of time to harvest as specified below. The extension of time to harvest is granted under Sections A, B and C must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "production qualifying under section B or C" means the production to count that is sold to other than a disinterested third party, or that is not sold 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "production qualifying under Sections B or C" means the production to count that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

For the purpose of this policy, the term "production qualifying for quality adjustment" means the production to count that is adjusted under the quality adjustment factors. The production qualifying for quality adjustment is determined in accordance with the quality adjustment factors.

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- a. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.
- b. Sections C1 or C2 and Section B below, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- c. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.

1.

1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT

- a. On the date of final inspection for the unit, if any of your unsold**** production qualifies for quality adjustment under sections B and/or C1 or C2a ii and C2a iv below, your claim will be settled using the applicable DF's for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- b. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.
- c. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.
- d. For any production sold**** to other than a disinterested third party**, or that is not sold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, we will settle your claim using the applicable DFs.
- e. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.
- f. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.
- g. $\frac{Yield_{C1} + Yield_{C2}}{2} \times \frac{DF_{C1} + DF_{C2}}{2}$ or $Yield_{C1} \times DF_{C1}$ or $Yield_{C2} \times DF_{C2}$, whichever is greater, shall be the applicable DF for the unit.

2.

2. SECTION 14(e) OF THE BASIC PROVISIONS

Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with the Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

3. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with the Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

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County: Carbon (025)

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If you elect to delay measurement of farm stored production as provided in the Basic Provisions, all samples of farm stored production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the EOIP, otherwise such production will not be eligible for a quality adjustment.

Sold sold to other than a disinterested third party, fed, utilized in any other manner, or when a pre-established DF is applicable.

On the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value***, such production will not be

a. Moisture content;

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County: Carbon (025)

- ## SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

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- Only one DF for grade can be applied.

Special Provisions

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Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: HWW
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Carbon (025)

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

For all Spring and White Club wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 50 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
50 and above	None
49.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

For all Hard Red Winter wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
51 and above	None
50.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

For all Soft Red Winter wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

For all Hard Red Spring wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

SRW, HRW, and HWW classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

Defects %	DF
15 and below	None
15.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

SWW, HRS, and DUM classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

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Defects %	DF
10 and below	None
10.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

For all classes of wheat, if the average test weight is less than 48 lbs/bu, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

SPROUT DAMAGE DISCOUNT FOR ALL CLASSES

For all classes of wheat, if the average test weight is less than 48 lbs/bu, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

Sprout Damage Percent	DF
10 and below	None
10.01 - 15.0	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 15.0	See Section B

FALLING NUMBER DISCOUNTS:

For all classes of wheat, if the average test weight is less than 48 lbs/bu, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table above.

In addition to the quality deficiencies allowed in section 11 (d) of the Small Grains Crop Provisions, the following quality factors for Falling Number will apply:

All Other Classes of wheat will be discounted for falling number, regardless of U.S. grade designation as follows:

Falling Number Range	DF
299-200	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 200	See Section B

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Falling Numbers Range	DF
299-200	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 200	See Section B

SPECIAL GRADE DISCOUNTS:

SAMPLE GRADE DISCOUNTS:

SECTION B - DEFICIENCY NOT IN DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

1. If sold to a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be the sum of all RIVs applied by the buyer due to all falling number.
2. (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above).
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County: Carbon (025)

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

U.S. Farm Income Tax Credit

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Carbon (025)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

DFs for Vomitoxin:

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 to 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
 - a. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of all insurable quality deficiencies, and that value divided by the local market price.
 - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2.
 - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2.
 - iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - b. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

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Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	

DFs for Aflatoxin:

Aflatoxin Range	DF
0.0 - 300.1 ppb	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
300.1 ppb & above	See C3 below

3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - a. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - i. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - b. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - i. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - c. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.

SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

1. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

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2. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{D} \times \frac{V}{C}$ The pre-established DFs.
 - b. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{D} \times \frac{V}{C}$
 - c. For production in Section C1 or C2, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
3. Grain that is not destroyed (or refused to be destroyed) in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{D} \times \frac{V}{C}$ The pre-established DFs.
 - b. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{D} \times \frac{V}{C}$
 - c. For production in Section C1 or C2, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.

*	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Unsold-Grain that does not meet the definition of %Sold.