

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use All or None (01) or All D
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Riverside (065)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 10/31/2025	Cancellation Date 10/31/2025	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 1/31/2026	End of Late Planting Period Date 2/10/2026	Acreage Reporting Date 3/15/2026
Premium Billing Date 7/1/2026	End of Insurance Date 10/31/2026	Termination Date 11/30/2026	Contract Change Date 6/30/2026	Production Reporting Date 12/15/2025	Insured's Production Reporting Date 12/15/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	Winter 091 *4	Non-Irrigated 003 *4 *8
T/P 2	Winter 091 *4	Irrigated 002 *4
T/P 3	Winter 091 *4	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713 *4 *8
T/P 4	Winter 091 *4	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702 *4
T/P 5	Winter 091 *4	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714 *4 *8
T/P 6	Winter 091 *4	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712 *4

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Sections 17(f)(8)(i)(E), 17(f)(8)(ii), and 17(f)(8)(iii) of the Basic Provisions do not apply for the 2026 crop year. New breaking acreage will not be eligible for prevented planting coverage the initial year.

Date

*4 In lieu of section 6 (a)(2) of the Basic Provisions, you must submit your acreage report on or before the acreage reporting date contained in these Special Provisions.

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

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Commodity: Barley (0091)
Plan: Yield Protection (01)
Revenue Protection (02)
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

Use All or Part of the D
County: Riverside (065)

automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the following provisions:

- a. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- b. Sections C1 or C2 and Section B below, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- c. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.

1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT:

- a. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- b. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- c. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- d. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- e. If the time to harvest has been extended as stated below, this option will not apply beyond 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- f. If the time to harvest has been extended as stated below, this option will not apply beyond 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- g. If the producer elects to delay settlement of the claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.

2. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

statement does not supersede the provisions contained in section 14(e) in the Basic Provisions.

3. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

County: Riverside (065)

Q3. A claimant who has a claim for a quality deficiency under the EOIP, the time to determine insurable quality deficiencies will also be extended to 60 days after the EOIP. All samples for QA

claim for indemnity not later than the earlier of 60 days after harvest, or 60 days after the date we determine the crop could have been harvested and you did not

[illegible][illegible]

If on the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value***, such production will not be eligible for a claim for a loss. The loss will be determined by the market value of the production at the time of the loss, except for production fed or used in any other manner.

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Special Provisions
2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026 Commodity: Barley (0091) Use: 100%
Date: 6/17/2025 Plan: Yield Protection (01) County: Riverside (065)
Revenue Protection (02)
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

- a. Moisture content;
b. Damage due to uninsured causes;
c. Drying;
d. Handling;
e. Processing; or
f. ...
i. ...
ii. If a lower RIV is available for production sold at a distant market, the RIV at the distant market may be increased by the fair consideration to deliver the production to the distant market, provided the resulting RIV does not exceed the RIV in your local marketing area.
iii. ...
iv. The RIV and local market price* are determined on the date such quality adjusted production is sold to a disinterested third party.

SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

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GRADE DISCOUNT:

Barley will be discounted for grade as specified within the Quality Adjustment Tab located in the AD.

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

Discounts for low test weight are as follows (U.S. No. 5 for Test Weight . 44 1/2 lbs. to 36.0 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 44 1/2 lbs. and below):

Table with 2 columns: Test Weight Pounds, DF. Rows: 36 and above (None), 35.99-30 (See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors), Below 30 (See section B)

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Plan: Yield Protection (01)
Revenue Protection (02)
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Upland Cotton (1502) D
County: Riverside (065)

insurable quality deficiencies, and that value divided by the local market price.

- b. For unsold production or production sold to other than a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
- c. Unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, fed, utilized in any other manner, or is sold to other than a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Vomitoxin:

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 - 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
 - a. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), the DF will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - b. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold to a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.

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Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Underlying Contract: 2026 D
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- d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of insurance period, the production shall be considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.

SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

Zero market value production occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.

1. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the price paid by a disinterested third party for the insured crop on the date of sale.
2. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the price paid by a disinterested third party for the insured crop on the date of sale and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the pre-established DFs.
 - b. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the price paid by a disinterested third party for the insured crop on the date of sale.
 - c. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the price paid by a disinterested third party for the insured crop on the date of sale.
3. The local market price for the insured crop shall be the price paid by a disinterested third party for the insured crop on the date of sale.

*	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-A person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-A Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Unsold-A Grain that does not meet the definition of %sold.