

Special Provisions

2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use All Wheat JD
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date	Cancellation Date	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date	End of Late Planting Period Date	Acreage Reporting Date
10/31/2025	10/31/2025		11/15/2025	11/25/2025	12/15/2025
Premium Billing Date	End of Insurance Date	Termination Date	Contract Change Date	Production Reporting Date	Insured's Production Reporting Date
8/15/2026	10/31/2026	11/30/2026	6/30/2026	12/15/2025	12/15/2026
TP	Type		Practice		
T/P 03	Winter 011		Irrigated 002		
T/P 07	Winter 011		Organic(Certified) Irr. 702		
T/P 11	Winter 011		Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712		
Sales Closing Date	Cancellation Date	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date	End of Late Planting Period Date	Acreage Reporting Date
10/31/2025	10/31/2025		10/31/2025	11/10/2025	12/15/2025
Premium Billing Date	End of Insurance Date	Termination Date	Contract Change Date	Production Reporting Date	Insured's Production Reporting Date
8/15/2026	10/31/2026	11/30/2026	6/30/2026	12/15/2025	12/15/2026
TP	Type		Practice		
T/P 01	Winter 011		Non-Irrigated 003		
T/P 05	Winter 011		Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713		
T/P 09	Winter 011		Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714		
Sales Closing Date	Cancellation Date	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date	End of Late Planting Period Date	Acreage Reporting Date
10/31/2025	10/31/2025		5/15/2026	5/25/2026	7/15/2026
Premium Billing Date	End of Insurance Date	Termination Date	Contract Change Date	Production Reporting Date	Insured's Production Reporting Date

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Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use All Wheat JD
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

8/15/2026	10/31/2026	11/30/2026	6/30/2026	12/15/2025	12/15/2026
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TP	Type	Practice
T/P 04	Spring 012	Irrigated 002
T/P 08	Spring 012	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 12	Spring 012	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

Sales Closing Date 10/31/2025	Cancellation Date 10/31/2025	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 4/15/2026	End of Late Planting Period Date 4/25/2026	Acreage Reporting Date 7/15/2026
Premium Billing Date 8/15/2026	End of Insurance Date 10/31/2026	Termination Date 11/30/2026	Contract Change Date 6/30/2026	Production Reporting Date 12/15/2025	Insured's Production Reporting Date 12/15/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 02	Spring 012	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 06	Spring 012	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 10	Spring 012	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Sections 17(f)(8)(i)(E), 17(f)(8)(ii), and 17(f)(8)(iii) of the Basic Provisions do not apply for the 2026 crop year. New breaking acreage will not be eligible for prevented planting coverage the initial year.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: 100W2600
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

In addition to Section 35 of the Basic Provisions, if you elect to obtain a Farm Service Agency Graze-Out Payment for acres of this crop grazed by livestock and not otherwise harvested, you are not eligible for an indemnity.

Quality

GENERAL STATEMENTS:

For the purpose of this section, the term "quality" means the quality of the crop as determined by the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this section, the term "quality adjustment factors" means the factors that are used to determine the quality of the crop. The quality adjustment factors are considered in determining production to count.

For the purpose of this section, the term "net production to count" means the production to count after the quality adjustment factors are applied. The net production to count is determined by subtracting the quality adjustment factors from the production to count.

For the purpose of this section, the term "qualifying for quality adjustment" means the production that is eligible for the quality adjustment. The production that is qualifying for quality adjustment is determined by the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this section, the term "extension of time to harvest" means the period of time that is granted to the producer to harvest the crop. The extension of time to harvest is granted by the AIP.

For the purpose of this section, the term "production qualifying under section B or C" means the production that is eligible for the quality adjustment under section B or C. The production that is qualifying under section B or C is determined by the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this section, the term "production qualifying under Sections B or C" means the production that is eligible for the quality adjustment under Sections B or C. The production that is qualifying under Sections B or C is determined by the quality adjustment factors.

For the purpose of this section, the term "production qualifying for quality adjustment" means the production that is eligible for the quality adjustment. The production that is qualifying for quality adjustment is determined by the quality adjustment factors.

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Salt Lake (035)

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The statement does not supersede the provisions contained in section 14 (e) in the Basic Provisions.

Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with the Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Salt Lake (035)

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If you elect to delay measurement of farm stored production as provided in the Basic Provisions, all samples of farm stored production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the EOIP, otherwise such production will not be eligible for payment.

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On the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value***, such production will not be

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	U.S. Grade: No. 5
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

- b. Damage due to uninsured causes;
- c. Drying;
- d. Handling;
- e. Processing; or
- f. Any other costs associated with normal harvesting, handling, and marketing of your production.
 - i. RIVs cannot be used in combination with chart DFs.
 - ii. ~~When the resulting RIV exceeds the RIV in your local marketing area.~~
 - iii. ~~When the resulting RIV exceeds the RIV before conditioning.~~
 - iv. ~~When the resulting RIV exceeds the RIV before conditioning.~~

SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

~~U.S. Grade No. 5 for Kernel Damage - 10.01% to 15.0%
 U.S. Grade No. 5 for Total Defects - 12.01% to 20.0%
 U.S. Sample Grade for Kernel Damage - 15.01% and above
 U.S. Sample Grade for Total Defects - 20.01% and above~~

GRADE DISCOUNT:

~~U.S. Grade No. 5 for Kernel Damage - 10.01% to 15.0%
 U.S. Grade No. 5 for Total Defects - 12.01% to 20.0%
 U.S. Sample Grade for Kernel Damage - 15.01% and above
 U.S. Sample Grade for Total Defects - 20.01% and above~~

- “ U.S. Grade No. 5 for Kernel Damage - 10.01% to 15.0%
- “ U.S. Grade No. 5 for Total Defects - 12.01% to 20.0%
- “ U.S. Sample Grade for Kernel Damage - 15.01% and above
- “ U.S. Sample Grade for Total Defects - 20.01% and above

Only one DF for grade can be applied.

Special Provisions

2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: HWW, JD
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

For all Spring and White Club wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 50 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
50 and above	None
49.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

For all Hard Red Winter wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
51 and above	None
50.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

For all Soft Red Winter wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

For all Soft Red Winter wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . 45 lbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 45 lbs. and below):

SRW, HRW, and HWW classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

Defects %	DF
15 and below	None
15.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

SWW, HRS, and DUM classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: Minimum JD
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

Defects %	DF
10 and below	None
10.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

For all classes of wheat, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

SPROUT DAMAGE DISCOUNT FOR ALL CLASSES

For all classes of wheat, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

Sprout Damage Percent	DF
10 and below	None
10.01 - 15.0	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 15.0	See Section B

FALLING NUMBER DISCOUNTS:

For all classes of wheat, the production is not eligible for any further sprout damage discount in the Defects Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table above.

In addition to the quality deficiencies allowed in section 11 (d) of the Small Grains Crop Provisions, the following quality factors for Falling Number will apply:

All Other Classes of wheat will be discounted for falling number, regardless of U.S. grade designation as follows:

Falling Number Range	DF
299-200	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 200	See Section B

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

Revenue Protection (02)

Falling Numbers Range	DF
299-200	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 200	See Section B

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Salt Lake (035)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

health agency of the applicable State in which the insured crop is grown, at a level determined as injurious to human or animal health, will be covered only if the appropriate samples of the production were obtained by our adjuster (or a trained disinterested third party approved by us) (except for flood-damaged grain), and the

substances or conditions in excess of the amount allowed by the lower of the following:

- [illegible]

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026
Date: 6/17/2025

Commodity: Wheat (0011)
Plan: Yield Protection (01)
Revenue Protection (02)
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

Upland Cotton JD
County: Salt Lake (035)

DFs for Vomitoxin:

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 - 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
 - a. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of all insurable quality deficiencies, and that value divided by the local market price.
 - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition.
 - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition.
 - iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition.
 - b. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be:
 - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

Special Provisions

2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

Use: 00000000 JD

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Salt Lake (035)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

DFs for Aflatoxin:

Aflatoxin Range	DF
0.1 - 300.1 ppb	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
300.1 ppb & above	See C3 below

3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - a. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - i. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - b. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - i. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - c. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.

SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

1. If the level of Aflatoxin is greater than 300 ppb, the level of Vomitoxin is greater than 10 ppm, or the level of any other substance or condition is greater than the maximum amount allowed, the claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: 00000000 JD
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Salt Lake (035)

2. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{A_{pre}}{A}$ the pre-established DFs.
 - b. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{A_{pre}}{A} \times \frac{C}{C_{pre}}$
 - c. For production in Section C1 or C2, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
3. Grain that is not destroyed (or refused to be destroyed) in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{A_{pre}}{A} \times \frac{C}{C_{pre}} \times \frac{D}{D_{pre}} \times \frac{E}{E_{pre}} \times \frac{F}{F_{pre}} \times \frac{G}{G_{pre}} \times \frac{H}{H_{pre}} \times \frac{I}{I_{pre}} \times \frac{J}{J_{pre}} \times \frac{K}{K_{pre}} \times \frac{L}{L_{pre}} \times \frac{M}{M_{pre}} \times \frac{N}{N_{pre}} \times \frac{O}{O_{pre}} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{Q}{Q_{pre}} \times \frac{R}{R_{pre}} \times \frac{S}{S_{pre}} \times \frac{T}{T_{pre}} \times \frac{U}{U_{pre}} \times \frac{V}{V_{pre}} \times \frac{W}{W_{pre}} \times \frac{X}{X_{pre}} \times \frac{Y}{Y_{pre}} \times \frac{Z}{Z_{pre}}$
 - b. $\frac{Q}{A} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{A_{pre}}{A} \times \frac{C}{C_{pre}} \times \frac{D}{D_{pre}} \times \frac{E}{E_{pre}} \times \frac{F}{F_{pre}} \times \frac{G}{G_{pre}} \times \frac{H}{H_{pre}} \times \frac{I}{I_{pre}} \times \frac{J}{J_{pre}} \times \frac{K}{K_{pre}} \times \frac{L}{L_{pre}} \times \frac{M}{M_{pre}} \times \frac{N}{N_{pre}} \times \frac{O}{O_{pre}} \times \frac{P}{P_{pre}} \times \frac{Q}{Q_{pre}} \times \frac{R}{R_{pre}} \times \frac{S}{S_{pre}} \times \frac{T}{T_{pre}} \times \frac{U}{U_{pre}} \times \frac{V}{V_{pre}} \times \frac{W}{W_{pre}} \times \frac{X}{X_{pre}} \times \frac{Y}{Y_{pre}} \times \frac{Z}{Z_{pre}}$
 - c. For production in Section C1 or C2, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.

*	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-As a person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Unsold-Grain that does not meet the definition of %Sold.