

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use All or None []
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Polk (149)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 9/30/2025	Cancellation Date 9/30/2025	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 10/31/2025	End of Late Planting Period Date 11/15/2025	Acreage Reporting Date 1/15/2026
Premium Billing Date 7/1/2026	End of Insurance Date 7/31/2026	Termination Date 9/30/2026	Contract Change Date 6/30/2026	Production Reporting Date 11/14/2025	Insured's Production Reporting Date 11/14/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	Winter 091	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 2	Winter 091	Irrigated 002
T/P 3	Winter 091	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 4	Winter 091	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 5	Winter 091	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714
T/P 6	Winter 091	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

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County: Polk (149)

Quality

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The production to count remaining after allowable reductions to gross production (in accordance with the applicable Crop Provisions), is multiplied by the QAF (not less than zero) to determine net production to count.

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B and C must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period
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automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026

Commodity: Barley (0091)

Use All or Part of the Crop

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Polk (149)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT:

- Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- If the time to harvest has been extended as stated below, this option will not apply beyond 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.

2. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.

3. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of insurance period (EOIP).

Unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use: 100%
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Polk (149)

4. DELAY IN MEASUREMENT OF FARM STORED PRODUCTION

Quality deficiencies must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the EOIP, otherwise such production will not be eligible for payment. If a producer determines that quality deficiencies exist, they must be reported to the USDA within 60 days of the EOIP. If a producer fails to report quality deficiencies within this time frame, the production will be considered to be of standard quality for payment purposes.

5. FAIR CONSIDERATION TO DELIVER TO DISTANT MARKETS

When a producer determines that their production is of standard quality, they may elect to deliver the production to a distant market. If the producer elects to do so, they must provide a fair consideration to the distant market. The fair consideration is determined by the difference between the market value of the production and the cost of delivery to the distant market.

6. ZERO MARKET VALUE

If on the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value***, such production will not be eligible for payment. The producer must provide a fair consideration to the distant market for the production.

7. REDUCTION IN VALUE (RIV):

The RIV is calculated as follows:

- a. Moisture content;
- b. Damage due to uninsured causes;
- c. Drying;
- d. Handling;
- e. Processing; or
- f. If a lower RIV is available for production sold at a distant market, the RIV at the distant market may be increased by the fair consideration to deliver the production to the distant market.

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Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use: 100%
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Polk (149)

production to the distant market, provided the resulting RIV does not exceed the RIV in your local marketing area.

iii. The RIV and local market price* are determined on the date such quality adjusted production is sold to a disinterested third party.

iv. The RIV and local market price* are determined on the date such quality adjusted production is sold to a disinterested third party.

SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

U.S. No. 5 for Test Weight . 36.0 lbs. to 36.9 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 36.0 lbs. and below):

GRADE DISCOUNT:

Barley will be discounted for grade as specified within the Quality Adjustment Tab located in the AD.

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

Discounts for low test weight are as follows (U.S. No. 5 for Test Weight . 36.0 lbs. to 36.9 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 36.0 lbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
36 and above	None
35.99-30	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 30	See section B

DAMAGE DISCOUNT:

Discounts for low test weight are as follows (U.S. No. 5 for Test Weight . 36.0 lbs. to 36.9 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 36.0 lbs. and below):

Damage %	DF
10 and below	None
10.01-34	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 34	See Section B

THIN BARLEY:

Discounts for low test weight are as follows (U.S. No. 5 for Test Weight . 36.0 lbs. to 36.9 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . 36.0 lbs. and below):

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Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use of HARVEST Price Excl D
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Polk (149)

Thin Barley %	DF
75.00 and below	None
75.01-100	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors

SPECIAL GRADE DISCOUNTS:

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty See section B

SAMPLE GRADE DISCOUNTS:

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

SECTION B - DEFICIENCY NOT IN DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

1. The discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.
2. For unsold production or production sold to other than a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be .500 (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above).
3. The discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: 1. Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

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County: Polk (149)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026
Date: 6/17/2025

Commodity: Barley (0091)
Plan: Yield Protection (01)
Revenue Protection (02)
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

U.S. Farm Income Stabilization Act (FISMA)
County: Polk (149)

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 to 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
 - a. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner:
 - i. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: all insurable quality deficiencies, and that value divided by the local market price.
 - ii. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: C2b (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iii. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: C2b (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
 - b. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner:
 - i. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - ii. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
 - iii. If a producer has a level of a substance or condition with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner: applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Aflatoxin:

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Year: 2026
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Commodity: Barley (0091)
Plan: Yield Protection (01)
Revenue Protection (02)
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

Use MAP to Determine
County: Polk (149)

Aflatoxin Range	DF
0-300.1 ppb	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
300.1 ppb & above	See C3 below

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3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - a. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - i. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - b. For production containing Aflatoxin or any other substances or conditions (except for production containing Vomitoxin as detailed in C3 a above), the DF will be:
 - i. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - ii. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - c. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
 - d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of insurance period, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Polk (149)

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* Local Market Price as defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.

** %Disinterested third party- A person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.

*** ~~Zero market value~~ - occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.

**** %Sold-A Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.

*****	%Insold + Grain that does not meet the definition of %sold.
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