

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use All or None
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Sebastian (131)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 9/30/2025	Cancellation Date 9/30/2025	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 11/30/2025	End of Late Planting Period Date 12/5/2025	Acreage Reporting Date 12/15/2025
Premium Billing Date 7/1/2026	End of Insurance Date 7/31/2026	Termination Date 9/30/2026	Contract Change Date 6/30/2026	Production Reporting Date 11/14/2025	Insured's Production Reporting Date 11/14/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	Winter 011	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 2	Winter 011	Irrigated 002
T/P 3	Winter 011	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 4	Winter 011	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 5	Winter 011	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714
T/P 6	Winter 011	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

General

Optional unit division is NOT available by section or section equivalent. Optional unit division is available based on Farm Serial Number (FSN) and any other method specified in the Basic Provisions or Crop Provisions except section or section equivalent. To be eligible for the available methods of optional unit division, you must meet all applicable requirements.

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

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Premium

Any acreage in this county with a high risk area designation on the actuarial map will have a rate adjusted in accordance with the high risk area and map area rates table.

Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

In addition to Section 35 of the Basic Provisions, if you elect to obtain a Farm Service Agency Graze-Out Payment for acres of this crop grazed by livestock and not otherwise harvested, you are not eligible for an indemnity.

Quality

GENERAL STATEMENTS:

For the purpose of this section, the following definitions apply:

Quality Adjustment: A factor used to adjust the production to count for quality deficiencies. The quality adjustment factor is determined by comparing the actual quality of the production to the minimum quality requirement. If the actual quality is less than the minimum requirement, the quality adjustment factor is less than 1.0. If the actual quality is equal to or greater than the minimum requirement, the quality adjustment factor is 1.0.

Net Production: The production to count after quality adjustment. Net production is calculated by multiplying the production to count by the quality adjustment factor. If the quality adjustment factor is less than 1.0, net production is less than the production to count. If the quality adjustment factor is 1.0, net production is equal to the production to count.

Qualifying Production: Production that meets the minimum quality requirement and is not subject to quality adjustment. Qualifying production is determined by comparing the actual quality of the production to the minimum quality requirement. If the actual quality is equal to or greater than the minimum requirement, the production is qualifying production. If the actual quality is less than the minimum requirement, the production is not qualifying production.

Quality Adjustment Statement: A statement that the producer has read and understands the quality adjustment provisions of the policy and agrees to the quality adjustment provisions. The quality adjustment statement must be signed by the producer and dated on or before the date of the policy.

Quality Adjustment Factor: A factor used to adjust the production to count for quality deficiencies. The quality adjustment factor is determined by comparing the actual quality of the production to the minimum quality requirement. If the actual quality is less than the minimum requirement, the quality adjustment factor is less than 1.0. If the actual quality is equal to or greater than the minimum requirement, the quality adjustment factor is 1.0.

Quality Adjustment Statement: A statement that the producer has read and understands the quality adjustment provisions of the policy and agrees to the quality adjustment provisions. The quality adjustment statement must be signed by the producer and dated on or before the date of the policy.

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use of EOP: a • a • a • D
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Sebastian (131)

automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

V@DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.

- a. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.
- b. Sections C1 or C2 and Section B below, the DF will be determined by adding the applicable DFs from Section B to the applicable DFs from Sections C1 or C2.
- c. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.

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1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT

- a. On the date of final inspection for the unit, if any of your unsold***** production qualifies for quality adjustment under sections B and/or C1 or C2a ii and C2a iv below, your claim will be settled using the applicable DF's for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- b. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.
- c. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.
- d. For any production sold**** to other than a disinterested third party**, or that is not sold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, we will settle your claim using the applicable DFs.
- e. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.
- f. The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.
- g. V@DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.

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2. SECTION 14(e) OF THE BASIC PROVISIONS

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Sebastian (131)

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Wheat (0011)	Use: HWE, a, a, A, D
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Sebastian (131)

- " U.S. Sample Grade for Kernel Damage - 15.01% and above
- " U.S. Sample Grade for Total Defects - 20.01% and above

Only one DF for grade can be applied.

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

For aÜ^aÜ Spring and White Club wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . Á €JÁbs. to 50 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . Á €JÁbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
50 and above	None
49.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

For aÜ^aÜ Spring and White Club wheat will be discounted for low test weight as follows (U.S. Grade No. 5 for Test Weight . Á €JÁbs. to 51 lbs.; U.S. Sample Grade . Á €JÁbs. and below):

Test Weight Pounds	DF
50 and above	None
49.99-44	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 44	See Section B

SRW, HRW, and HWW classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

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Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Sebastian (131)

Defects %	DF
15 and below	None
15.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

SWW, HRS, and DUM classes of wheat will be discounted for excessive Defects as follows:

Defects %	DF
10 and below	None
10.01-35	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 35	See section B

For all classes of wheat, if the average falling number is less than 300, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

SPROUT DAMAGE DISCOUNT FOR ALL CLASSES

For all classes of wheat, if the average falling number is less than 300, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table below.

Sprout Damage Percent	DF
10 and below	None
10.01 - 15.0	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 15.0	See Section B

FALLING NUMBER DISCOUNTS:

For all classes of wheat, if the average falling number is less than 300, the production is not eligible for any additional discount factor in the Falling Number Discount Table or the Sprout Damage Discount Table above.

In addition to the quality deficiencies allowed in section 11 (d) of the Small Grains Crop Provisions, the following quality factors for Falling Number will apply:

All Other Classes of wheat will be discounted for falling number, regardless of U.S. grade designation as follows:

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

Use of EOI: 0001

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Sebastian (131)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

- a. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- b. For unsold production or production sold to other than a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above) added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
- c. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.

DFs for Vomitoxin:

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 to 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- a. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- i. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- ii. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- iii. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.
- iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
- v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
- b. $\frac{\text{Insurable quality deficiencies}}{\text{Local market price}}$ and that value divided by the local market price.

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026

Commodity: Wheat (0011)

U.S. #1 Hard Red Winter

Date: 6/17/2025

Plan: Yield Protection (01)

County: Sebastian (131)

Revenue Protection (02)

Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

- i. Applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
- ii. Applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
- iii. Applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Aflatoxin:

Aflatoxin Range	DF
0.1 - 300.1 ppb	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
300.1 ppb & above	See C3 below

3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed.
 - a. If the level of Aflatoxin is less than 300 ppb, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - i. If the claimant is a third party, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - ii. If the claimant is the producer, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - b. If the level of Aflatoxin is 300 ppb or more, the claim will be:
 - i. If the claimant is a third party, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - ii. If the claimant is the producer, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - c. If the level of Aflatoxin is 300 ppb or more, the claim will be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
 - d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance

Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Sebastian (131)

period, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.

SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

0. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:

1. V @ 000 q / A ^ F E E / A ~ & @ ! [a ~ & q } / A ^ d [^ a / A ^ a } ^ / A ~] m / A ^ A • E A
2. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - a. 0. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - b. 0. If you do not destroy (or refuse to destroy) production in a manner acceptable to us, such production to count is no longer considered to be zero market value and will be adjusted as follows:
 - c. For production in Section C1 or C2, such production will not be adjusted for any quality deficiencies listed in Section C.
3. G A [^ A • d [^ A ! [a ~ & q } A ~ a ~ a ~ * A } a ^ / A ^ & q } A H A A a } ^ / A } a ~] m / A ^ A • E A ~ & @ ! [a ~ & q } A q / A [a ^ A a b • c a A ! A ~ A ~ a ~ A ~ a ~ } a • A a c a / A ^ A ^ & q } A E A A [^ A ! [a ^ • d [^ A ! A ~ • ^ A / A ^ d [^ A ~ & @ ! [a ~ & q } E a / A A q / A [a ^ A { }] ^ c a A } q A ~ & @ ! [a ~ & q } A A [a E a E a a ^ a / A ~ A ~ a ~ A ~ a ~] m / A ^ A

*	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions. A disinterested third party is a person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Insold-Grain that does not meet the definition of %sold.