

## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use All or None [ ]
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Edgecombe (065)

### Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

<b>Sales Closing Date</b> 9/30/2025	<b>Cancellation Date</b> 9/30/2025	<b>Earliest Planting Date</b>	<b>Final Planting Date</b> 11/10/2025	<b>End of Late Planting Period Date</b> 11/25/2025	<b>Acreage Reporting Date</b> 1/15/2026
<b>Premium Billing Date</b> 7/1/2026	<b>End of Insurance Date</b> 7/31/2026	<b>Termination Date</b> 9/30/2026	<b>Contract Change Date</b> 6/30/2026	<b>Production Reporting Date</b> 11/14/2025	<b>Insured's Production Reporting Date</b> 11/14/2026

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	Winter 091	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 2	Winter 091	Irrigated 002
T/P 3	Winter 091	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 4	Winter 091	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 5	Winter 091	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714
T/P 6	Winter 091	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

#### General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

#### Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

#### Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Edgcombe (065)

GENERAL STATEMENTS:

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## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Edgcombe (065)

1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT:

- a. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- b. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- c. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- d. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- e. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- f. If the time to harvest has been extended as stated below, this option will not apply beyond 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- g. If you sell the production to a disinterested third party during this delay, your claim will be settled using the Reduction In Value (RIV) as outlined below, unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.

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This statement does not supersede the provisions contained in section 14(e) in the Basic Provisions.

### 3. EXTENSION OF TIME TO HARVEST

Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of insurance period (EOIP).

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## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use: 100% for feed
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Edgecombe (065)

### 4. DELAY IN MEASUREMENT OF FARM STORED PRODUCTION

Quality deficiencies must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the EOIP, otherwise such production will not be eligible for a quality adjustment. If a quality deficiency is identified after the 60-day period, the producer must obtain a quality adjustment statement from the USDA within 60 days of the identification of the deficiency. If a quality deficiency is identified after the 60-day period, the producer must obtain a quality adjustment statement from the USDA within 60 days of the identification of the deficiency. If a quality deficiency is identified after the 60-day period, the producer must obtain a quality adjustment statement from the USDA within 60 days of the identification of the deficiency.

### 5. FAIR CONSIDERATION TO DELIVER TO DISTANT MARKETS

When a producer delivers production to a distant market, the producer must obtain a fair consideration to deliver to distant markets. If a producer delivers production to a distant market, the producer must obtain a fair consideration to deliver to distant markets. If a producer delivers production to a distant market, the producer must obtain a fair consideration to deliver to distant markets.

### 6. ZERO MARKET VALUE

If on the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value\*\*\*, such production will not be eligible for a quality adjustment. If a producer determines that production has zero market value, the producer must obtain a quality adjustment statement from the USDA within 60 days of the determination.

### 7. REDUCTION IN VALUE (RIV):

The RIV is calculated as follows:

- a. Moisture content;
- b. Damage due to uninsured causes;
- c. Drying;
- d. Handling;
- e. Processing; or
- f. If a lower RIV is available for production sold at a distant market, the RIV at the distant market may be increased by the fair consideration to deliver the production to the distant market.

## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Commodity: Barley (0091)

Plan: Yield Protection (01)  
Revenue Protection (02)  
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

County: Edgecombe (065)

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## SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

GRADE DISCOUNT:

TEST WEIGHT DISCOUNT:

Test Weight Pounds	DF
36 and above	None
35.99-30	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Below 30	See section B

DAMAGE DISCOUNT:

Damage %	DF
10 and below	None
10.01-34	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
Above 34	See Section B

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## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026	Commodity: Barley (0091)	Use of HARVEST Price Excl D
Date: 6/17/2025	Plan: Yield Protection (01) Revenue Protection (02) Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)	County: Edgecombe (065)

Thin Barley %	DF
75.00 and below	None
75.01-100	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors

### SPECIAL GRADE DISCOUNTS:

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty See section B

### SAMPLE GRADE DISCOUNTS:

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

### SECTION B - DEFICIENCY NOT IN DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

1. The discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.
2. For unsold production or production sold to other than a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be .500 (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above).
3. The discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

Other than the following, the discount factor for the following grades of barley shall be as follows: Black Barley, Ergoty, Blighted, or Smutty. See section B.

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## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

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County: Edgcombe (065)

### Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

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## Special Provisions 2026 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2026  
Date: 6/17/2025

Commodity: Barley (0091)  
Plan: Yield Protection (01)  
Revenue Protection (02)  
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

U.S. Farm Income Stabilization Act (FISMA)  
County: Edgecombe (065)

Vomitoxin Range	DF
0.1 to 10.0 ppm	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
10.1 ppm & above	See C3 below

2. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
  - a. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be:
    - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition, divided by the local market price.
    - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition, divided by the local market price.
    - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above, plus the applicable DF for the substance or condition, divided by the local market price.
    - iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
    - v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500, added to the applicable DFs included in sections A, or B2 above.
  - b. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be:
    - i. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
    - ii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
    - iii. If the level of a substance or condition is less than the maximum allowable, and the production is sold, the DF will be the sum of the applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Aflatoxin:



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Date: 6/17/2025

Commodity: Barley (0091)  
Plan: Yield Protection (01)  
Revenue Protection (02)  
Revenue Prot with Harvest Price Exclusion (03)

Use MAP to Confirm  
County: Edgecombe (065)

Aflatoxin Range	DF
0.0 - 100.0 ppb	See Quality Adjustment Tab for Discount Factors
300.1 ppb & above	See C3 below

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3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any other substances or conditions qualifying under Section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be allowed for you to submit your claim for indemnity, following the date we determine the production was sold, fed, utilized in any other manner, or destroyed
  - a. If the level of Aflatoxin or Vomitoxin is in excess of the maximum amount allowed, the claim will be adjusted based on the following:
    - i. If the production is sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of sale, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.
    - ii. If the production is not sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of the loss, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.
  - b. For production containing Aflatoxin or any other substances or conditions (except for production containing Vomitoxin as detailed in C3 a above), the DF will be:
    - i. If the production is sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of sale, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.
    - ii. If the production is not sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of the loss, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.
  - c. If the production is sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of sale, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.
  - d. If production qualifying under Section C3 remains unsold, or is not destroyed, more than 365 days after the calendar date for the end of insurance period, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of the loss, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.

### SECTION D - ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

If the level of Aflatoxin or Vomitoxin is in excess of the maximum amount allowed, the claim will be adjusted based on the following:

1. If the production is sold, fed, or utilized in any other manner, the claim will be adjusted based on the actual market value of the production at the time of sale, less the cost of production, and the claimant is responsible for the cost of the claimant's defense.

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County: Edgecombe (065)

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	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-A person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-A Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Unsold-A Grain that does not meet the definition of %sold.