

Special Provisions 2024 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2024	Commodity: Safflower (0049)	Use All or AFI D
Date: 11/15/2023	Plan: APH (90)	County: Washington (087)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date	End of Late Planting Period Date	Acreage Reporting Date	Premium Billing Date	End of Insurance Date
3/15/2024	3/1/2024	4/30/2024	5/15/2024	7/15/2024	8/15/2024	10/31/2024

TP	Type	Practice
T/P 1	No Type Specified 997	Non-Irrigated 003
T/P 2	No Type Specified 997	Irrigated 002
T/P 3	No Type Specified 997	Organic(Certified) Non-Irr. 713
T/P 4	No Type Specified 997	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702
T/P 5	No Type Specified 997	Organic(Transitional) Non-Irr. 714
T/P 6	No Type Specified 997	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop and will be considered a crop planted for harvest.

Sections 17(f)(8)(i)(E), 17(f)(8)(ii), and 17(f)(8)(iii) of the Basic Provisions do not apply for the 2024 crop year.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

Price

Contract price:

You may use a contract price to determine your insurance guarantee when a contract price code of ~~Yes~~ exists on the Prices tab in the actuarial documents for the crop, type, and practice.

Contract price authority (i.e., rules governing the use of contract prices and the method to determine a contract price) will be found in one of the following three places, listed in priority order:

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1. Special Provisions, separate from this statement, which authorizes the use of the Contract Price Addendum (CPA);
2. Crop Provisions; or
3. CPA.

When the contract price code is ~~%yes~~ ☒ ~~no~~ on the Prices tab for the crop, type, and practice:

1. If the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions provide the contract price authority, your price will be determined in accordance with the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions. If neither the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions provide contract price authority, your price will be determined in accordance with the CPA; and
2. The Crop Provisions or Special Provisions may only provide contract price authority for specific types or practices. When this occurs, the CPA may be used to determine a contract price for other types or practices where contract price authority is not provided through the Crop Provisions or these Special Provisions.

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Insurance Availability

In accordance with section 9(a)(1)(iv) in the Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions (Basic Provisions), acreage that has not been planted and harvested or insured (including insured acreage that was prevented from being planted) in at least one of the three previous crop years or acreage where the only crop that has been planted and harvested in one of the three previous crop years was a cover, hay, or forage crop (hereinafter referred to as new breaking acreage) is insurable at 80 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if all of the following requirements 1 through 4 below are met. New breaking acreage is insurable at 65 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if only requirements 1, 2, and 4 below are met.

1. The policyholder must provide documentation that 75 percent or more of the new breaking acreage by field (or within an existing field if only a portion of the field is new breaking acreage) is composed of soil types defined as Capability Class I, II, III, or IV as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>);
2. The policyholder must certify that the new breaking acreage was broken out or chemically destroyed on or before November 30 prior to planting;
3. The policyholder must provide documentation that the new breaking acreage has been previously broken and planted to a crop. Examples of documentation include but are not limited to: a FSA-578 document showing the prior crop that the new breaking acreage was planted to, a prior crop year's FSA-578 document showing that the new breaking acreage is classified as cropland, receipts/invoices from custom planters or custom harvesters detailing the fields that were planted or harvested, etc.; and
4. If NRCS requires a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the policyholder must provide documentation that one is, or will be, in place. If NRCS does not require a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the producer must certify that one is not required.

Up to and including 320 acres of new breaking acreage per county (on a whole field basis), that meet the requirements above, may be insurable under this Special Provisions statement for the policyholder/entity per each sales closing date (for example, a total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a September 30 sales closing date and total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a March 15 sales closing date). Any new breaking acreage (on a whole field basis) that meets the requirements above and exceeds the 320-acre limitation will require a written agreement to establish insurability (only the acreage that exceeds 320 acres requires a written agreement, up to 320 acres may be approved under this Special Provisions statement even if the producer has more than 320 new breaking acres in the county).

Underwriting Standards:

The producer must provide the applicable documentation and certification described in requirements 1 through 4 above to the Approved Insurance Provider (AIP) on or before the acreage reporting date for insurability of such new breaking acreage. If the above requirements are met and the described documentation and certification is provided to the AIP by the acreage reporting date, the new breaking acreage will be insurable using the appropriate percentage (65 percent or 80 percent) applied to the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents (simple average T-Yields, new producer T-Yields, and variable T-Yield percentages do not apply). A separate APH Database must be established for this new breaking acreage the initial crop year it is insured (in subsequent crop years standard APH procedure will apply provided the acreage is insurable under the terms of the Basic Provisions). Additionally, new breaking acreage will not be eligible for prevented planting coverage the initial crop year it is insured under this Special Provisions statement.

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Insurance shall not attach or be considered to have attached without a written agreement to a planted non-irrigated crop on acreage from which, in the same calendar year:

- Termination means growth has ended. To qualify for a written agreement, you must provide a minimum of the most recent three years of your double cropping actual production history for the crop in the county. A cover crop is one that meets the criteria outlined in the Insurance Availability section of these Special Provisions.

GENERAL STATEMENTS:

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Date: 11/15/2023

Commodity: Safflower (0049)
Plan: APH (90)

Use All or None
County: Washington (087)

For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.

The DF for production qualifying for quality adjustment containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health will be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Provisions.

- a. For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.
- b. For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.
- c. For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

1. OPTION TO DELAY CLAIM SETTLEMENT:

- a. On the date of final inspection for the unit, if any of your unsold**** production qualifies for quality adjustment under sections B and/or C1 or C2a ii and C2a iv below, your claim will be settled using the applicable DFs for unsold production unless you elect in writing to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- b. If you elect to delay settlement of your claim for up to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, you must submit a written statement to the USDA explaining the reasons for your election to delay settlement of your claim. The statement must be submitted to the USDA no later than 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP. The statement does not supersede the provisions contained in section 14 (e) in the Basic Provisions.
- c. At any time during this delay in settlement, you may request to settle your claim for any unsold production using the applicable DFs.
- d. For any production sold**** to other than a disinterested third party**, or that is not sold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, we will settle your claim using the applicable DFs.
- e. If the production is later sold, we will not recalculate or adjust your claim for indemnity.
- f. If the time to harvest has been extended as stated below, this option will not apply beyond 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP.
- g. For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

The statement does not supersede the provisions contained in section 14 (e) in the Basic Provisions.

For production qualifying under sections B or C (except for production qualifying under section C3) that is unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, an automatic 30 day extension will be allowed only for the purpose of submitting your claim for indemnity, unless an extension of time to harvest has been granted or a delay in measurement of farm stored production has been elected under the general statements below.

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Unless the AIP grants an extension of time to harvest as specified below, the samples of production used to determine insurable quality deficiencies under sections A, B, and C must be obtained in accordance with this Quality Adjustment Statement, but not later than 60 days after the calendar date for the end of the insurance period (EOIP).

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5. FAIR CONSIDERATION TO DELIVER TO DISTANT MARKETS

Except as allowed in paragraph 7f ii below, fair consideration to deliver sold production to a distant market is allowed only when there are no buyers in your local market and the sold production is sold to other than a disinterested third party, fed, utilized in any other manner, or when a pre-established DF is applicable.

6. ZERO MARKET VALUE

If on the date of final inspection for the unit, any production which due to insurable causes is determined to have zero market value***, such production will not be eligible for a claim for the unit. The market value of the production shall be determined by the market value of the production on the date of final inspection for the unit, except for production fed or used in any other manner.

7. REDUCTION IN VALUE (RIV):

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- a. Moisture content;
- b. Damage due to uninsured causes;
- c. Drying;
- d. Handling;
- e. Processing; or
- f.
$$\frac{Q_{\text{RIV}} \times \text{Price}^*}{Q_{\text{RIV}} + Q_{\text{Local}}}$$
- i.
$$\frac{Q_{\text{RIV}} \times \text{Price}^*}{Q_{\text{RIV}} + Q_{\text{Local}}}$$
- ii. If a lower RIV is available for production sold at a distant market, the RIV at the distant market may be increased by the fair consideration to deliver the production to the distant market, provided the resulting RIV does not exceed the RIV in your local marketing area.
- iii.
$$\frac{Q_{\text{RIV}} \times \text{Price}^*}{Q_{\text{RIV}} + Q_{\text{Local}}}$$
- iv. The RIV and local market price* are determined on the date such quality adjusted production is sold to a disinterested third party.

SECTION A - DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

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DAMAGE DISCOUNT:

Discounts for excessive kernel damage (excluding heat damage) as follows:

Damage %	DF	Damage %	DF	Damage %	DF
25 and below	None	29.01-30	0.456	34.01-35	0.580
25.01-26	0.357	30.01-31	0.481	35.01-36	0.605
26.01-27	0.382	31.01-32	0.505	Above 36	See Section B
27.01-28	0.406	32.01-33	0.530	Á	Á
28.01-29	0.431	33.01-34	0.555	Á	Á

SAMPLE GRADE DISCOUNTS:

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Musty Odor	0.050
Sour Odor	0.050
COFO	0.069

DEFICIENCY NOT IN DISCOUNT FACTOR CHARTS

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1. GA [jaA Ásaá q c'í·c'áa@aÁ æc Á q] Á Á Áæ·Áec'í@c'Áæ' áaÁæ' Á Á@c'ÁUWÉ@ÁÖÁ q/Á^Á@c'Á { Á Áq/ÜQ·Á } |aÁÁ^ Á@c'Á^ Á Á Á Á q·|æ|Á^ æc Á Á Á } & Á Á q áÁæc' Á Á q áÁ Á@c'Á q c'í·c'áa@aÁ æc Á q] Á Á Á
2. Q'Á)·[jaA | á~ & q] Á | Á | á~ & q] Á [jaA Á c@'í@c'Áæ' Ásaá q c'í·c'áa@aÁ æc Á q] Á Á Áæ·Áec'í@c'Áæ' áaÁæ' Á Á@c'ÁUWÉ@ÁÖÁ q/Á^Á Á Á (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above).
3. GA)·[jaA Áæ·Áec'í@c'Áæ' áaÁæ' Á Á@c'ÁUWÉ@Á q/Á^Á q c'í·c'áa@aÁ æc Á@c'Á q] Á Á Á [jaA Á c@'í@c'Áæ' Ásaá q c'í·c'áa@aÁ æc Á@c'Á q] Á Á Á q/Á^Á Á Á

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The sum of all DFs for production containing substances or conditions that are injurious to human or animal health is allowed, in addition to applicable DFs from sections A or B above, except as shown in C3 below.

health agency of the applicable State in which the insured crop is grown, at a level determined as injurious to human or animal health, will be covered only if the appropriate samples of the production were obtained by our adjuster (or a trained disinterested third party approved by us) (except for flood-damaged grain), and the

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substances or conditions in excess of the amount allowed by the lower of the following:

- a. The action or advisory level of the Food and Drug Administration; or
b. ...
c. ...
1. ...
a. ...
b. For unsold production or production sold to other than a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below ...
c. Unsold 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, fed, utilized in any other manner, or is sold to other than a disinterested third party, the DF will be the applicable DFs shown in the chart below added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Vomitoxin:

Table with 2 columns: Vomitoxin Range, DF. Rows include 0.000, .450, and See C3 below.

- 2. For production containing substances or conditions, other than Vomitoxin, that qualifies under section C with an Aflatoxin level of 300 ppb or less, or other substances or conditions with a level less than the maximum allowable, adjust the production in the following manner.
a. If on the date of final adjustment for the unit, the production was transported directly from the field to the buyer, or transported directly from the field and put into commercial storage without going into on farm storage, the DF will be:
i. For production sold to a disinterested third party prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the sum of all RIVs applied by the buyer due to all insurable quality deficiencies, and that value divided by the local market price.

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Year: 2024 Commodity: Safflower (0049) Upland Soybean AF D
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- ii. C2b (unless you elect to delay settlement as specified in the General Statements above), added to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2
iii. For unsold production containing Aflatoxin 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the applicable DFs shown in the chart below in section C2b,
iv. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions prior to 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP (unless you
v. For unsold production containing all other mycotoxins or substances or conditions 60 days after the calendar date for the EOIP, the DFs will be .500,

b. If on the date of final adjustment for the unit, the unsold production is in on-farm storage, is in commercial storage but was not transported directly from the field, was fed or utilized in any other manner, was in on-farm storage and has been sold, or was sold to other than a disinterested third party:

- i. applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
ii. to the applicable DFs included in sections A or B2 above.
iii. applicable DFs included in sections A or B3 above.

DFs for Aflatoxin:

Table with 2 columns: Aflatoxin Range and DF. Rows include ranges from 0.000 to 300.1 ppb and above, with corresponding DF values.

3. For production that has an Aflatoxin level in excess of 300 ppb, a Vomitoxin level in excess of 10 ppm, or any substances or conditions qualifying under section C having a level exceeding the maximum amount allowed or when the edible portion of a crop is exposed to flood waters, a claim will not be completed
adjustment for the unit, the following will apply (if such production is Zero Market Value, see section D):

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- # ÙÒÔVQ PÄÖÄ ZERO MARKET VALUE PRODUCTION

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Special Provisions

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Year: 2024

Commodity: Safflower (0049)

Use: Willing to Buy

Date: 11/15/2023

Plan: APH (90)

County: Washington (087)

*	%Local Market Price-As defined in the applicable Basic, Crop, or these Provisions.
**	%Disinterested third party-As a person or business who does not routinely purchase production for resale or for feed will not be considered a disinterested third party if the RIVs applied by the buyer are not reflective of the RIVs in the local market.
***	%Zero market value-Occurs when no buyers in your local area are willing to purchase the production and fair consideration to deliver production to a market outside your local marketing area (distant market) is equal to or greater than the production's value at the distant market or when acreage of an insured crop in which the edible portion of the crop has been exposed to flood waters.
****	%Sold-Grain is considered sold on the date that final settlement between the buyer and seller has occurred and title of the grain has passed from the seller to the buyer.
*****	%Unsold-Grain that does not meet the definition of %Sold.