

Special Provisions of Insurance

2022 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2022	Commodity: Mint (0074)	State: Idaho (16)
Date: 6/16/2021	Plan: APH (90)	County: Payette (075)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 3/15/2022	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date	End of Late Planting Period Date	Acreage Reporting Date 7/15/2022	Premium Billing Date 8/15/2022
TP	Type	Practice			
T/P 1	Peppermint 090 *3 *4	Irrigated 002 *3 *4			
T/P 2	Peppermint 090 *3 *4	Organic(Certified) Irr. 702 *3 *4			
T/P 3	Peppermint 090 *3 *4	Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712 *3 *4			

Statement

General

Winter coverage option loss adjustment adequate stand standard: Acreage with less than 1.5 living mint plants per square foot for all types and practices at the end of the winter coverage insurance period may be eligible for a payment.

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Date

- *3 In accordance with sections 8 and 13 of the Mint Crop Provisions, coverage begins on May 16 (November 1 of the preceding calendar year for acreage covered under the winter coverage option) and the calendar date for end of insurance is October 31 (May 15 for acreage covered under the winter coverage option).
- *4 Acreage insured under the winter coverage option will have a sales closing date of September 30 and acreage reporting date of December 15. Refer to section 13, winter coverage option, of the Mint Crop Provisions, for new mint acreage reporting and certification requirements and insurability.

Price

If a contract price is available as shown in the actuarial documents, you may elect to have your price election determined in accordance with the Contract Price Addendum (CPA). If the crop provisions or special provisions provide a method to determine a contract price your price election will be determined in accordance with the crop provisions or special provisions and the CPA does not apply.

Insurance Availability

Winter coverage option adequate stand eligibility/minimum required: For established stands, 75 percent or more of ground cover is mint.

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Rotation requirements: Insurance will not attach to any new mint acreage on which mint has been grown in any of the four (4) preceding crop years.

Crop provisions adequate stand eligibility/minimum required: Insurance will not attach to any acreage with less than 1.5 living mint plants per square foot for all types and practices.

Age Limitation: Insurance will not attach to any mint acreage of peppermint the fourth and succeeding crop years after the crop year of planting.

In accordance with section 9(a)(1)(iv) in the Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions (Basic Provisions), acreage that has not been planted and harvested or insured (including insured acreage that was prevented from being planted) in at least one of the three previous crop years or acreage where the only crop that has been planted and harvested in one of the three previous crop years was a cover, hay, or forage crop (hereinafter referred to as new breaking acreage) is insurable at 80 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if all of the following requirements 1 through 4 below are met. New breaking acreage is insurable at 65 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if only requirements 1, 2, and 4 below are met.

1. The policyholder must provide documentation that 75 percent or more of the new breaking acreage by field (or within an existing field if only a portion of the field is new breaking acreage) is composed of soil types defined as Capability Class I, II, III, or IV as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>);
2. The policyholder must certify that the new breaking acreage was broken out or chemically destroyed on or before June 1 prior to planting for fall/winter types and November 30 prior to planting for spring types;
3. The policyholder must provide documentation that the new breaking acreage has been previously broken and planted to a crop. Examples of documentation include but are not limited to: a FSA-578 document showing the prior crop that the new breaking acreage was planted to, a prior crop year's FSA-578 document showing that the new breaking acreage is classified as cropland, receipts/invoices from custom planters or custom harvesters detailing the fields that were planted or harvested, etc.; and
4. If NRCS requires a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the policyholder must provide documentation that one is, or will be, in place. If NRCS does not require a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the producer must certify that one is not required.

Up to and including 320 acres of new breaking acreage per county (on a whole field basis), that meet the requirements above, may be insurable under this Special Provisions statement for the policyholder/entity per each sales closing date (for example, a total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a September 30 sales closing date and total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a March 15 sales closing date). Any new breaking acreage (on a whole field basis) that meets the requirements above and exceeds the 320-acre limitation will require a written agreement to establish insurability (only the acreage that exceeds 320 acres requires a written agreement, up to 320 acres may be approved under this Special Provisions statement even if the producer has more than 320 new breaking acres in the county).

Underwriting Standards:

The producer must provide the applicable documentation and certification described in requirements 1 through 4 above to the Approved Insurance Provider (AIP) on or before the acreage reporting date for insurability of such new breaking acreage. If the above requirements are met and the described documentation and

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certification is provided to the AIP by the acreage reporting date, the new breaking acreage will be insurable using the appropriate percentage (65 percent or 80 percent) applied to the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents (simple average T-Yields, new producer T-Yields, and variable T-Yield percentages do not apply). A separate APH Database must be established for this new breaking acreage the initial crop year it is insured (in subsequent crop years standard APH procedure will apply provided the acreage is insurable under the terms of the Basic Provisions). Additionally, new breaking acreage will not be eligible for prevented planting coverage the initial crop year it is insured under this Special Provisions statement.