

Special Provisions of Insurance 2022 and Succeeding Crop Years

Year: 2022	Commodity: Onions (0013)	State: Arizona (04)
Date: 6/16/2021	Plan: APH (90)	County: Maricopa (013)

Program Dates for Insurable Types and Practices

Sales Closing Date 8/31/2021	Earliest Planting Date	Final Planting Date 10/30/2021	End of Late Planting Period Date 11/9/2021	Acreage Reporting Date 11/15/2021	Premium Billing Date 7/1/2022
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TP	Type				Practice			
T/P 1	Fall Planted Whites & Yellows (Processed) 223 *3 *9				Irrigated 002			
T/P 2	Fall Planted Whites & Yellows (Processed) 223 *3 *9				Organic(Certified) Irr. 702			
T/P 3	Fall Planted Whites & Yellows (Processed) 223 *3 *9				Organic(Transitional) Irr. 712			
	Type Information				Practice Information			
TP	Commodity Type	Class	Sub Class	Intended Use	Irrigation	Cropping	Organic	Interval
T/P 1	Whites & Yellows 018	No Class Specified 997	No Subclass Specified 997	Processing 102	Irrigated 002	Fall Planted 030	No Organic Practice Specified 997	No Interval Specified 997
T/P 2	Whites & Yellows 018	No Class Specified 997	No Subclass Specified 997	Processing 102	Irrigated 002	Fall Planted 030	Organic(Certified) 001	No Interval Specified 997
T/P 3	Whites & Yellows 018	No Class Specified 997	No Subclass Specified 997	Processing 102	Irrigated 002	Fall Planted 030	Organic (Transitional) 002	No Interval Specified 997

Statement

General

Contact your agent regarding possible premium discounts, options, and/or additional coverage that may be available.

Corn planted on acreage following a crop that has been prevented from being planted will not be considered a cover crop.

Type

*3 Includes storage type varieties contracted for dehydration and processing utilization only.

Date

In lieu of the definition of late planting period in section 1 of the Basic Provisions, please refer to the End Of Late Planting Period Date.

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Price

If a contract price is available as shown in the actuarial documents, you may elect to have your price election determined in accordance with the Contract Price Addendum (CPA). If the crop provisions or special provisions provide a method to determine a contract price your price election will be determined in accordance with the crop provisions or special provisions and the CPA does not apply.

Insurance Availability

Insurance shall attach to a crop following a cover crop when the cover crop meets the definition provided in the Basic Provisions, was planted within the last 12 months, and is managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines. The Guidelines include information on cover crops and crop insurance, Good Farming Practices for cover crops, and termination information and exceptions, which can be found at <https://www.rma.usda.gov/en/Topics/Cover-Crops>.

Cipolline, pearl, or any variety of small diameter specialty onions are not insurable unless by written agreement.

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In accordance with section 9(a)(1)(iv) in the Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions (Basic Provisions), acreage that has not been planted and harvested or insured (including insured acreage that was prevented from being planted) in at least one of the three previous crop years or acreage where the only crop that has been planted and harvested in one of the three previous crop years was a cover, hay, or forage crop (hereinafter referred to as new breaking acreage) is insurable at 80 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if all of the following requirements 1 through 4 below are met. New breaking acreage is insurable at 65 percent of the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents without a written agreement if only requirements 1, 2, and 4 below are met.

1. The policyholder must provide documentation that 75 percent or more of the new breaking acreage by field (or within an existing field if only a portion of the field is new breaking acreage) is composed of soil types defined as Capability Class I, II, III, or IV as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>);
2. The policyholder must certify that the new breaking acreage was broken out or chemically destroyed on or before November 30 prior to planting;
3. The policyholder must provide documentation that the new breaking acreage has been previously broken and planted to a crop. Examples of documentation include but are not limited to: a FSA-578 document showing the prior crop that the new breaking acreage was planted to, a prior crop year's FSA-578 document showing that the new breaking acreage is classified as cropland, receipts/invoices from custom planters or custom harvesters detailing the fields that were planted or harvested, etc.; and
4. If NRCS requires a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the policyholder must provide documentation that one is, or will be, in place. If NRCS does not require a Conservation Plan on the new breaking acreage, the producer must certify that one is not required.

Up to and including 320 acres of new breaking acreage per county (on a whole field basis), that meet the requirements above, may be insurable under this Special Provisions statement for the policyholder/entity per each sales closing date (for example, a total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a September 30 sales closing date and total of 320 acres or less of new breaking acreage for crops with a March 15 sales closing date). Any new breaking acreage (on a whole field basis) that meets the requirements above and exceeds the 320-acre limitation will require a written agreement to establish insurability (only the acreage that exceeds 320 acres requires a written agreement, up to 320 acres may be approved under this Special Provisions statement even if the producer has more than 320 new breaking acres in the county).

Underwriting Standards:

The producer must provide the applicable documentation and certification described in requirements 1 through 4 above to the Approved Insurance Provider (AIP) on or before the acreage reporting date for insurability of such new breaking acreage. If the above requirements are met and the described documentation and certification is provided to the AIP by the acreage reporting date, the new breaking acreage will be insurable using the appropriate percentage (65 percent or 80 percent) applied to the applicable published county T-Yield in the actuarial documents (simple average T-Yields, new producer T-Yields, and variable T-Yield percentages do not apply). A separate APH Database must be established for this new breaking acreage the initial crop year it is insured (in subsequent crop years standard APH procedure will apply provided the acreage is insurable under the terms of the Basic Provisions). Additionally, new breaking acreage will not be eligible for prevented planting coverage the initial crop year it is insured under this Special Provisions statement.

*9 In accordance with Section 6 of the Onion Crop Provisions, a copy of all your processor contracts is required and must be provided by the acreage reporting date.

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Quality

The percent of damage referenced in section 14(d) of the Onion Crop Provisions will be 50 percent.

In lieu of the U.S. No. 1 grade standard referenced in the definition of ~~damaged onion production~~ within Section 1 of the Onion Crop Provisions, the following grade standard will apply: U.S. No. 2 Grade, under United States Standards for Grades of Onions for Processing.